# Charter City Comparison and Process

March 4, 2025



Two kinds of municipal governance:
 General Law or Charter City

121 of 482 California cities have charters



## **General Law Cities**

Governed by CA Government Code

 Municipal affairs (zoning, elections, personnel, taxation) bound by rules established by state



### **Charter Cities**

Governed by a city charter

 Can set local regulations on municipal matters that do not conflict with state constitution (zoning, elections, personnel, taxation)



| General Law  | Charter  |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Simplified governance</li> <li>Predictability</li> <li>Lower legal costs</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>More local control</li> <li>Can establish local taxes</li> <li>Economic advantage – local preference policies, alternative bidding processes</li> </ul> |



| General Law  | Charter   |
|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Limited autonomy</li> <li>Restricted revenue options</li> <li>One-size-fits-all state policies may not address local needs</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Complex governance</li> <li>Potential legal conflicts</li> </ul> |



#### Initiation

- City Council
- City Council-formed Charter Committee
- Citizen Initiative (15% registered voters)
- Elected Charter Commission

#### Election

Ballot measure adopted by simple majority



Staff requests approval to further investigate a charter city proposal